SCOIL AOIFE CNS

Additional Support Policy Support for All

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Introductory Statement

Our SEN policy was coordinated by the learning support team, in consultation with staff in September 2019. The development of our SEN policy was identified as one of our priorities during a whole school development planning day in June 2017. This policy is drawn up in accordance with Circular No 0013/2017.

School Information

Scoil Aoife CNS opened in September 2014 under the patronage of DDLETB. We endeavour to create a positive and inclusive atmosphere that respects all children, regardless of their religious, social, cultural background or special educational needs. Our guiding principles are defined through the four cornerstones of the Community National School; Excellence in Education, Equality based, Multidenominational and Community Focussed. Our school is DEIS Band 1 with a high population of EAL families enrolled in our school. Given the demographics of the local population and the semi-transient nature of enrolment in our school, our provision of support and timetables are regularly reviewed.

Rationale

The purpose of this policy is to:

- provide practical guidance to staff, parents and other interested parties about our SEN procedures and practices.
- outline the framework for addressing additional needs in our school.
- comply with legislation (Education Act 1998, Equal Status Act, 2000)
- fulfil DES circular 0013/17 -Circular to the Management Authorities of all Mainstream Primary Schools; Special Education Teaching Allocation, and new 2017 Guidelines for Primary Schools: Supporting Pupils with Special Educational Needs in Mainstream Schools).

Belief Statement

Our school is dedicated to the implementation of an effective system for meeting the needs of all our pupils in accordance with our mission statement, the resources provided by the DES and the Board of Management.

We believe that all our children have a right to an education, which is appropriate to their individual needs. We strive to ensure that all our children feel that they are a valued part of our school community. We are fully committed to the principle of inclusion. This policy aims to enable children with Special Education Needs (SEN) and children whose first language is not English, to become fully integrated members of our school community. This will be achieved by careful consideration of the needs of each child and by either modifying the environment, activities or by providing support that will help the child to participate in them.

Aims of the Policy

This policy aims to outline our procedures and practices of how we:

- identify additional needs that our pupils may have
- allocate resources to effectively meet the needs of children with additional needs
- divide the roles and responsibilities among our school community in relation to pupils with additional needs
- track, monitor, review and report on the progress of children with additional needs
- communicate information between the SET team, principal, staff and parents/guardians

Roles and Responsibilities

Board of Management:

The BOM oversees the development, implementation and review of school policy on SEN. They also ensure that adequate classroom accommodation, secure storage space and effective teaching resources are provided.

Principal:

The Learning Support Guidelines (2000, P.39) outlined the principal has overall responsibility for SEN procedures and practices in the school. The new allocation model states the principal's leadership role is central and includes the following;

The school principal should

- Implement and monitor the school's Additional Needs policy on an on-going basis.
- Assign staff strategically to teaching roles, including special education roles
- Co-ordinate teachers' work to ensure continuity of provision for all pupils
- Ensure that whole-school procedures are established to facilitate the effective involvement of parents, pupils and external professionals/agencies
- Ensure that effective systems are implemented to identify pupils' needs and that progress is monitored methodically
- Facilitate the continuing professional development of all teachers in relation to education of pupils with special educational needs, and ensure that all school staff (class teachers, special education teachers and special needs assistants) are clear regarding their roles and responsibilities in this area
- assign responsibility for coordinating additional support to an identified teacher (i.e. SENCO)
- communicate with the SENO (Special Education Needs Organiser)
- oversee a whole school assessment and screening programme
- allocate time within the school timetable for the SET team to plan and consult with teachers and parents
- inform staff about external agencies and provide information on continuing professional development in the area of SET
- meet with parents regarding any concerns about their child and update them regarding their progress

SEN Co-ordinator:

SEN co-ordinator (SENCO) (supported by AP2 Post Holder) should:

- communicate with the principal in relation to SEN matters on an on-going basis
- liaise with external agencies about the provision for pupils with additional needs
- liaise with the NEPS psychologist, the SET team and class teachers to prioritise children for psychological assessments (NEPS)
- liaise with SEN Team to identify, support and monitor children with additional needs
- co-ordinate regular SET team planning meetings to ensure effective communication and support for children with additional needs
- collaborate with the SET team in creating timetables for additional support
- meet with parents regarding any concerns about their child, advise parents on procedures for availing of special needs services and update them regarding their progress
- co-ordinate the whole-school standardised testing at each class level
- co-ordinate the screening of pupils for additional support, using the results of standardised tests
- select children for external diagnostic assessment, where parental permission has been sought and granted
- oversee the tracking system of test results on password-protected Aladdin software to monitor the progress of pupils
- maintain lists of pupils who are receiving additional support

SEN Class Co-ordinators (SENCC)

SEN Class Co-ordinators will be assigned from the SET team to each class level or stage depending on staffing numbers. They should

- regularly meet with class teachers to discuss the needs of the pupils in their class
- maintain a record of these meetings and decisions made
- advise the class teacher, where needed, of possible interventions to meet the needs of their pupils
- advise class teacher on procedures for availing of external special needs services
- support the class teacher in creating a Student Support File once additional support is implemented
- support the class teacher in the writing of classroom support plans
- where requested by the class teacher, meet parents to discuss moving a child from classroom support to school support or when referring to an outside agency
- communicate with the SENCO and the SET team regarding any concerns raised by class teachers at SET team planning meetings
- update and maintain class SEN records and test results
- liaise with external agencies about the provision for pupils with additional needs

Class Teacher:

Class teachers have primary responsibility for the teaching and learning of **all** pupils in his/her class, including those selected for additional support. They should

- implement teaching programmes which optimise the learning of all pupils and, to the greatest extent possible, prevent the emergence of learning difficulties
- create a positive learning environment within the classroom
- differentiate teaching strategies, approaches and expectations to the range of experiences, abilities, needs and learning styles in their class
- administer and correct standardised tests of achievement in literacy and numeracy, following the school's guidelines
- discuss outcomes of standardised testing with SEN Class Co-ordinators to assist in the selection of children for supplementary teaching
- meet with parents regarding any concerns about their child and update them regarding their progress
- gather information and assess children presenting with needs to inform teaching and learning using the Continuum of Support
- open a Pupil Support File once additional needs have been identified and require classroom support
- develop classroom support plans for children in receipt of Classroom Support
- collaborate with staff to develop Individual Support Files or Group Support Files for each pupil in receipt of School Support
- meet and collaborate with Special Education Teachers, parents/guardians and other staff members to identify priority learning goals for each pupil in receipt of School Support and School Support Plus.
- adjust the class timetable to ensure that children in receipt of supplementary teaching will not be absent for the same subject/activity during each session
- co-ordinate the role and responsibilities of the SNA in relation to the needs of pupils with SEN within the class(es) to which they are assigned
- liaise with and seek advice from their Special Education Teacher

Special Education Teacher (SET)

The SET teacher should:

- familiarise themselves with a wide range of teaching approaches, methodologies and resources to cater for particular learning styles and to meet a variety of need
- assist in the implementation of a broad range of whole school strategies aimed at prevention and early intervention
- collaboratively develop and review Individual and Group Support Files for each pupil selected for school support teaching with class teachers and other staff
- meet with class Teachers, parents/guardians and other staff members to identify priority learning goals for each pupil in receipt of School Support Plus
- meet twice a year with class teachers, relevant staff and parents to review Support
 Files
- update and maintain planning and progress records for each individual or group of pupils in receipt of school support
- provide supplementary teaching for literacy and numeracy on a withdrawal and inclass support basis
- support whole-school procedures for screening
- administer and interpret diagnostic tests and inform class teachers and parents of the outcomes
- meet with parents regarding any concerns about their child and update them regarding their progress
- co-ordinate class groups and offer advice and support to class teachers regarding pupils on their caseload
- discuss the needs and progress of children on their caseload at planning meetings
- provide necessary information to a SEN pupil's receiving school once a transfer letter has been received

Special Needs Assistants:

The duties of the SNA carried out according to the guidelines for Special Needs Assistants from the Department of Education and Skills and under the direction of the principal/class teachers, the SNA will meet the care needs of the SEN pupils to which they have been assigned. (Circular 10/76).

The SNA should

- support the needs of pupils in effectively accessing the curriculum
- contribute to the quality of care and welfare of the pupils
- support learning and teaching in the classroom
- attend, where possible, training courses/workshops provided by the BOM
- attend IEP meetings and/or meetings with relevant professionals, when necessary
- ensure the safety of the SEN pupils in the schoolyard, and be present for the duration of the yard breaks along with the teachers on duty
- maintain a record of support provided to their SEN pupil
- accompany SEN pupil to supplementary lessons when appropriate

Parents/Guardians:

Collaboration and sharing of relevant information between home and school are essential elements of our SEN policy. Parents/Guardians through their unique knowledge of their own children have much to contribute to their child's learning.

Parent/Guardian should:

- share any information, reports or reports pending from health professionals, and/or concerns regarding their child's development. Copies of professional reports should be provided to the school at the enrolment stage
- support the work of the school and keep the class teacher informed of the progress and challenges they observe in their child's learning
- attend meetings arranged by the class teacher or SET team
- support the targets outlined in their child's support plans and engage in all suggested home-based activities
- inform the post-primary school of their child's needs, at the transition stage

Pupils:

Pupils who are in receipt of supplementary teaching should, as appropriate:

- be given the opportunity to contribute to the setting of the medium and short-term learning targets
- become familiar with the targets that have been set for them
- develop 'ownership' of the skills and strategies that are taught during supplementary teaching and learn to apply these learning strategies and skills to improve their own learning
- contribute to the evaluation of their progress by participating in appropriate assessment activities, including self-assessment

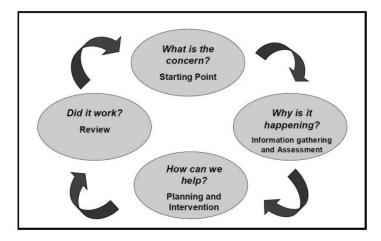
Identifying Pupils with Additional Needs

Continuum of Support

We use the Continuum of Support Framework set out by the Department of Education to identify and support children with additional needs. Like this framework, we recognise that special educational needs occur along a continuum, ranging from mild to severe, and from transient to long-term and that pupils require different levels of support depending on their identified additional needs. By using this framework, it helps us implement a staged approach to ensure that our support and interventions are incremental, moving from class-based interventions to more intensive and individualised support, and are informed by careful monitoring of progress.

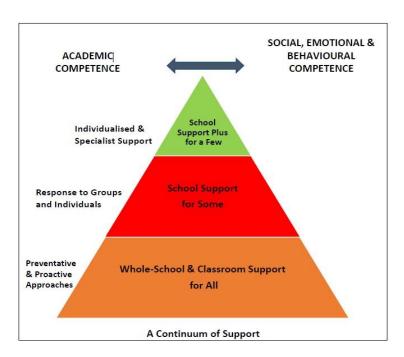
The Continuum of Support is a problem-solving model of assessment and intervention that enables us to gather and analyse data, as well as to plan and review the progress of individual pupils.

This problem-solving process is illustrated as follows:



Identification of educational needs is central to our policy and the new allocation model. By using the Continuum of Support framework, we can identify pupils' educational needs, to include academic, social and emotional needs, as well as needs associated with physical, sensory, language and communication difficulties. This, in turn, allows us to identify and respond to needs in a flexible way.

The Continuum of Support suggests the following levels of support:



STAGE 1 CLASSROOM SUPPORT

Classroom Support is the most common, and typically the first response to emerging needs. It is a response for pupils who have distinct or individual educational needs and who require approaches to learning and/or behaviour which are **additional to or different** from those required by other pupils in their class. Problem-solving at this level typically begins when a parent or teacher has concerns about an individual pupil. The class teacher and parents, with support from the Special Education Teacher when necessary, discuss the nature of the problem and consider strategies which may be effective. Classroom Support incorporates

the simple, informal problem-solving approaches commonly used by class teachers to support emerging needs.

STAGE 2 SCHOOL SUPPORT

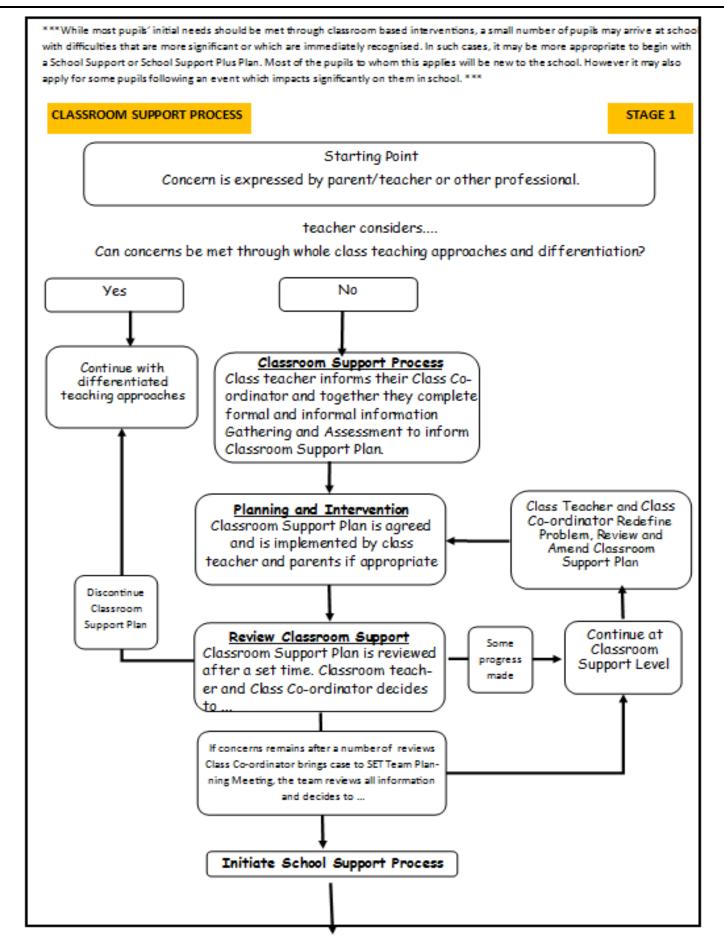
In some cases, interventions at classroom support level are not enough to fully meet the pupil's special educational needs. School Support may, therefore, be required. The class teacher needs to involve the Special Education Teacher Team (SET Team) in the problem-solving process at this point and it involves more systematic gathering of information and the development and monitoring of a School Support Plan.

STAGE 3 SCHOOL SUPPORT PLUS

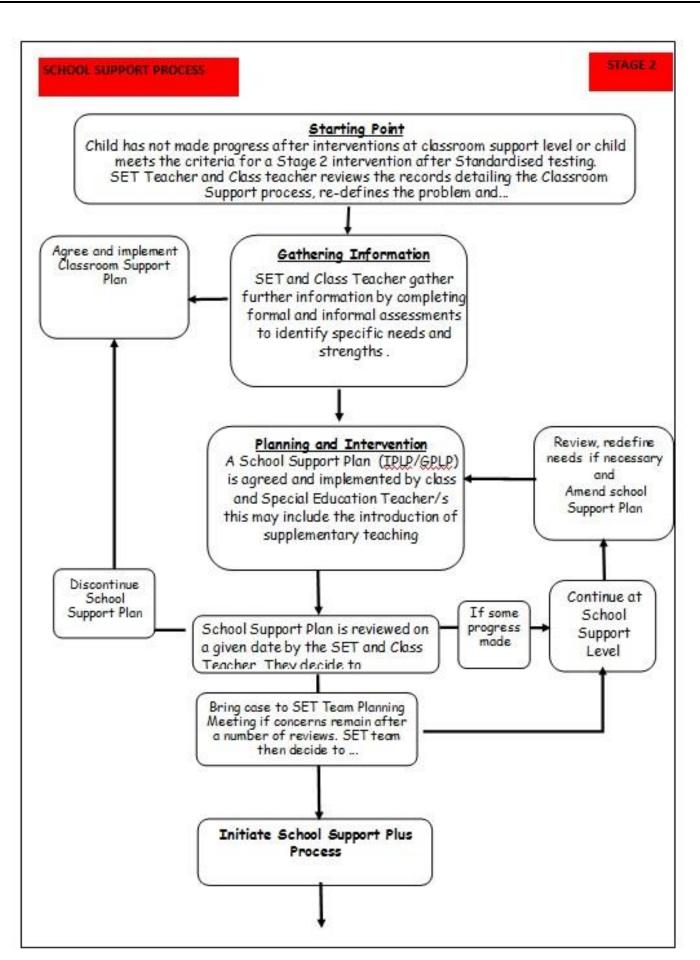
If a pupil's additional educational needs are **severe and/or persistent**, they are likely to need intensive support. School Support Plus will generally involve personnel outside the school team in the problem solving, assessment and intervention process. However, the information from Classroom and School Support work will provide the starting point for problem-solving at this level.

The flow diagrams below outline how we gather information to identify needs and support children with additional needs. A more comprehensive explanation of each stage can be in the Continuum of Support – Guidelines for teachers

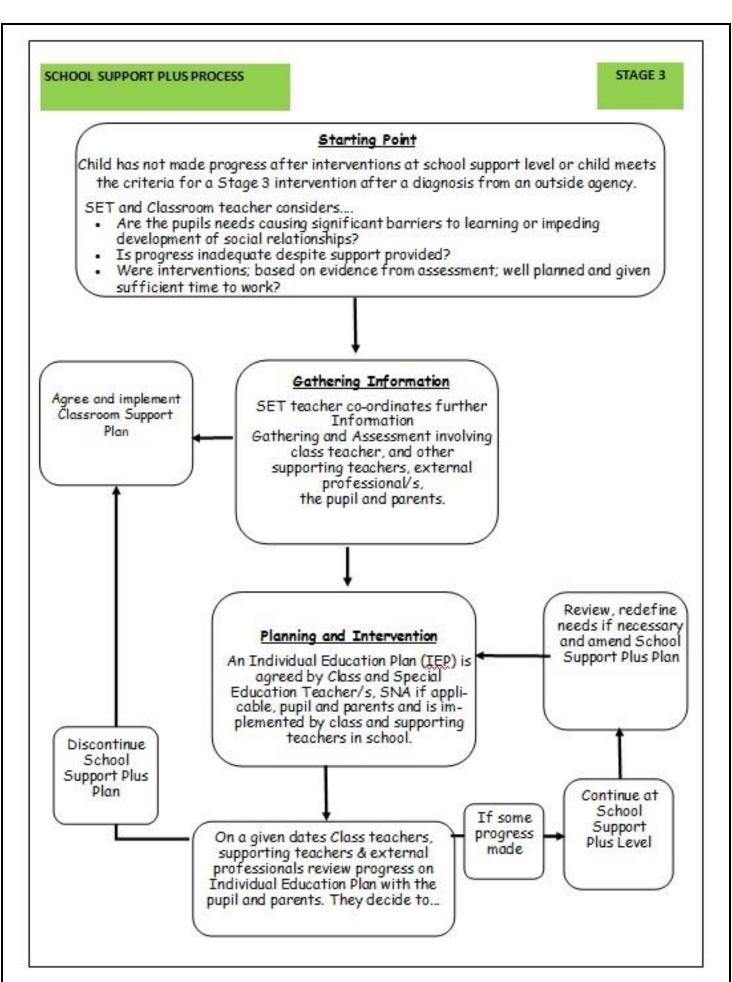
https://www.education.ie/en/Schools-Colleges/Services/National-Educational-Psychological-Service-NEPS-/neps special needs guidelines.pdf



^{*}adapted from NEPS Continuum of Support. For more detailed steps see page 12 - 15 of the continuum of support - Guidelines for teachers



^{*}adapted from NEPS Continuum of Support. For more detailed steps see page 22 - 25 of the continuum of support - Guidelines for teachers



^{*}adapted from NEPS Continuum of Support. For more detailed steps see page 32 - 35 of the continuum of support - Guidelines for teachers

Information Gathering and Assessment

Assessment is part of what a class teacher does on a daily basis for all children. Some methods include self-assessment, questioning, teacher observation, portfolios of work and teacher-designed tasks and tests. The information gathered enables the teacher to plan learning experiences based on the appropriate objectives from the curriculum.

In order to identify pupils who may require supplementary teaching, screening; including standardised testing, is carried out in all classes annually and further diagnostic testing may need to take place. The information gathered from these formal assessments is then used to inform decisions for support and pupil's support plans.

Assessment and Screening Tests:

In our school we carry out the following assessment procedures:

- Junior Infants: Observation, Checklists, BIAP (on selected pupils)
- Senior Infants: Observation, Checklists, MIST, Reading Recovery
- 1st class: Observation, Checklists, Micra T, Sigma T, NNRIT and Reading Recovery
- 2nd class: Observation, Checklists Micra T, Sigma T
- 3rd class: Observation, Checklists, Micra T, Sigma T.
- 4th class Observation, Checklists, Micra T, Sigma T.
- 5th class: Observation, Checklists, Micra T, Sigma T and NNRIT.
- 6th class: Observation, Checklists, Micra T, Sigma T.

We continually review the assessment and screening tests that we use in order to balance the needs of our pupils and the need to provide information for appropriate support. Therefore we may deviate from the above list prior to the review date.

Inventory of Test Materials

Screening Tests

- Belfield Infant Assessment Profile (BIAP)
- Middle Infant Screening Test (MIST)
- Busy at Maths Assessment Book (All Class Levels)
- Micra-T
- Sigma -T

Diagnostic Tests

In our school the following tests are available for administration:

- Maths Recovery screening tests
- Single Word Spelling Test
- Reading Recovery Observation Survey

Prevention and Early Intervention Strategies

Our strategies for preventing learning difficulties include:

- The development of agreed approaches to the teaching of Literacy and Numeracy in order to ensure progression and continuity from class to class.
- Provision of additional support in language development and any relevant early literacy and mathematical skills to pupils who need it.

- New Non-Reading Intelligence Test (NNRIT)
- Non-Verbal Reasoning Test (NVRT) (To Buy)
- Dyslexia Screening Test (DST J)

- Ongoing structured observation and assessment of the language, literacy and numeracy skills of pupils in the infant classes to facilitate early identification of possible learning difficulties.
- Promotion of literacy e.g. Print-rich environment, DEAR (Drop Everything and Read),
 Buddy Reading
- Promotion of Numeracy e.g. Ready Set Go Maths, Hands-on approach, Maths for Fun
- Parental involvement in promoting literacy and numeracy
- Differentiation adapting the learning environment.
- In-class support from the SET team.
- Literacy Lift Off/Power Hour/Team Teaching/Aistear.
- Withdrawing individuals/groups.
- Reading Recovery

	SELECTION PROCESS FOR ALLOCATING ADDITIONAL TEACHING SUPPO	PRT
Stage 3 School Support Plus	 Children with identified complex needs by an external professional such as a Physical Disability Hearing Impairment Visual Impairment Emotional Disturbance Moderate General Learning Disability Severe/Profound General Learning Disability Autistic Spectrum Disorder Assessed Syndrome Specific Speech and Language Disorder/Impairment 	Type of Support In-Class Support Team-Teaching Group Withdrawal Individual Withdrawal Personnel SET teacher Class Teacher Outside Agencies Type of support is dependent on the child's needs.
Stage 2 School Support	 Prevention and Early Intervention Programs (Aistear, Reading Recovery, Station Teaching, Literacy Lift Off) EAL children will be supported based on their level of proficiency Children on or under the 10th Percentile in Literacy Standardised Tests Children with an identified need assessed by external professionals who are not on or below the 10th percentile in Literacy such as Borderline Mild General Learning Disability Mild General Learning Disability Attention Deficit Disorder/ Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder Children on or under the 10th Percentile in SIGMA T Children with an identified need by external professionals who are not on or below the 10th percentile in Numeracy Borderline Mild General Learning Disability Mild General Learning Disability Specific Learning Disability Attention Deficit Disorder/ Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder Children who have not made adequate progress after interventions at Stage 1 	Type of Support In-Class Support Team-Teaching Group Withdrawal Individual Withdrawal Personnel SET teacher Class Teacher

Timetabling

When drawing up timetables it is important to remember that:

- timetables should be continually reviewed
- children should not miss the same subject each time they are withdrawn
- if a pupil is unavailable for their supplementary session due to special circumstances, the Special Education Teacher will attempt to reschedule the session with the co-operation of another teacher.
- interruptions to classes/classrooms should be kept to a minimum.

Tracking, recording and reviewing progress

Provision for pupils with special educational needs is enhanced through clear identification processes and careful planning of interventions to address academic and/or personal and social development needs. Identification of needs, planning, target-setting and monitoring of outcomes are essential elements of an integrated and collaborative problem-solving process.

Student Support File

We use a Student Support File to plan interventions and to track a pupil's pathway through the Continuum of Support. It facilitates us in documenting progress and needs over time and assists us in providing an appropriate level of support to pupils, in line with their level of need. Our Student Support File is based on the NEPS template and is stored on Teams.

A class teacher or class coordinator should open a Student Support File once a child is placed on Stage 1 –Classroom Support on the continuum. This is stored in the child's file in the filing cabinet in the class teacher's room.

If a child has any reports these are stored in the SEN filing cabinet in the SET's room. It is responsibility of the SET and Class Teacher to ensure the reports are read and the recommendations are being implemented.

There should be at least two meetings a year- November and end of term 2.

Support Plans

We use three different support plans for the three stages of support on the Continuum of Support.

Stage 1 – Classroom Support

A Support Plan at stage 1 is a **Classroom Support Plan** (CSP). This is a simple plan which is drawn up by the Class Teacher in collaboration with the SEN Class Coordinator which outlines the pupil's additional educational needs and the actions, including individualised teaching and management approaches, which will be taken to meet the pupil's needs. The plan may also include home-based actions to be taken by the pupil's parents to support their child's development. The Classroom Support Plan should include a review date. This could be at the end of a school term.

Stage 2 - School Support

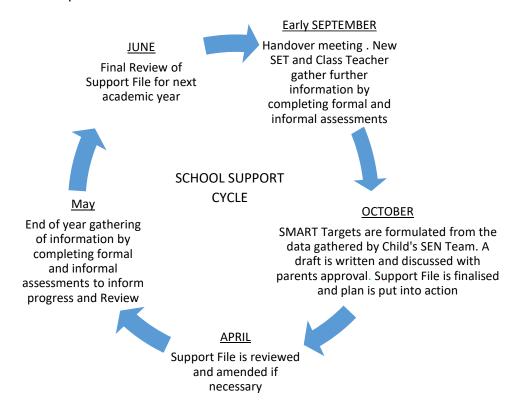
A Support Plan at stage 2 is a **School Support File.** This plan is drawn up by the class teacher and appointed SET teacher. It will set out the nature of the pupil's learning difficulties, define specific teaching, learning and behavioural targets and set a timescale for review. The plan should, for the most part, be implemented within the normal classroom setting and complimented by focused school based intervention programmes. Depending on the nature of the needs and on the school context, additional teaching might be within a small group or individual or a combination of both

either in class or on a withdrawal basis. Home-based actions may also be included. After the plan has been drawn up, it should become a working document through the careful monitoring of the pupil's response to the actions taken.

Stage 3 - School Support Plus

A Support Plan at stage 3 is a **School Support Plus File**. This plan is drawn up by the class teacher and appointed Special Education Teachers, in consultation with the child's parents/guardians, professionals external to the school and (if appropriate) the child based on the information gathered.

There will be at least two meetings per year which will be attended by the Class Teacher, the SET involved and the parents.



SEN Records

Individual SEN Files

It is the responsibility of SETs and Class Teachers to update and manage the files of the children on Classroom Support, School Support and School Support Plus. The following should be stored

- Psychological Report
- Reports from outside agencies
- Copy of referrals made to outside agencies
- Copy of reports from outside agencies
- Record of SEN meetings with parents, outside agencies and inter- school meetings
- Record of SEN correspondence between parents, outside agencies and school staff

The Support Files are stored and locked in the child's file in the Class Teacher's filing cabinet.

Whole Class SEN Files

Whole class SEN records are stored in a locked filing cabinet in the SET's room. It is the responsibility of the SETs to manage and update these. The following should be stored in these SEN folders:

Whole School Overview

Whole class test results (SIGMA – T, MICRA – T, NNRIT)

Communication between SET Team/Principal/Class Teachers

SET timetables have been organised so that 1.40-2.40 each Friday is our designated co-ordination time. This allows all staff the opportunity to attend pupils support planning meetings, Team Teaching Planning Meetings and SEN consultation/planning/review meetings, when necessary. This flexibility ensures adequate cover for class teachers and also facilitates regular SET team planning meetings with the principal.

Health and Safety Issues

Every staff member and pupil is entitled to a safe, secure environment and to be treated with due respect. All appropriate measures are taken to ensure the safety of each pupil with SEN. When a place is offered to a child with SEN, every effort will be made to ensure that the supports to which the child is entitled are in place as soon as possible. Staff members will be informed of any potential risks and, where necessary, individual plans will be drawn up and implemented.

Supervision/Child Protection

- Where pupils receive support on a one-to-one basis, the SET teacher is responsible for ensuring that both they and the pupil are visible through the glass panel in the door.
- Where there is no glass panel, the door of the room should remain open.
- Where pupils are withdrawn for support, the SET teacher should collect and return children to their classrooms.
- Where a child has access to an SNA, they may withdraw the child from the class if a plan is in place with the class teacher.

Ratification and Communication

This revised policy was ratified by the Board of Management in September 2019

Implementation and Review

This policy will be implemented from October 2019. It will be reviewed in June 2021 by the Special Education Team and all staff.

Signed:	Date:	
(Chairperson)		
Signed:	Date:	
(Principal)		



